

# Occupational Therapy Basics for Parents

Brought to you by: DJUSD Occupational Therapy Team

### DJUSD Occupational Therapy Team

#### **Early Learning Center**

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### **Learning Objectives**

#### What is Occupational Therapy?

- What role does the occupational therapist have on the IEP team?
- How does school based OT differ from medical based OT?
- What does OT service look like in schools?
- How can parents support their children at home?

### What is Occupational Therapy?

Building skills for the job of living...



### School-Based vs. Medical Model

#### School-Based:

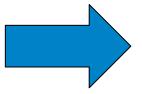
- Address and assess areas of need that are educationally relevant and impact access to educational material
- OT is a "related service" for students with qualifying educational eligibility
- Treatment takes place in the school setting

#### Medical:

- Address and assess areas of need that impact the home, school, and/or community environments
- Typically initiated by medical diagnosis or referral
- Treatment takes place in a clinic, medical facility, or in the home

### Occupational Therapy as a Related Service

School-based occupational therapy is <u>not</u> a "stand alone" service



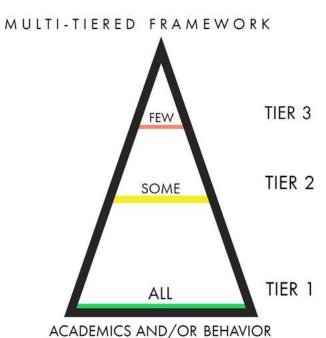
Students must qualify through assessment to receive direct or consultative OT services

### Multi-Tiered Support Services

A Multi-Tiered systems of support (MTSS) is a framework DJUSD uses to give targeted support to struggling students

#### Link:

AOTA Practice Advisory on Occupational Therapy in Response to Intervention



### Multi-Tiered Systems of Support

Tier 1: Universal learning

#### **Occupational Therapy Role:**

- Collaborate with general education staff on techniques, strategies, and screenings that could benefit the whole class
- Conduct in-service workshops for educators on sensory processing & handwriting
- Provide recommendations for classroom management

### Multi-Tiered Systems of Support

**Tier 2:** Short term intervention

#### **Occupational Therapy Role:**

- Teacher coaching based on student work samples with accommodations/modifications to assignments
- Recommendations for students with similar area of needs in the general education setting (i.e. seating modifications, adaptive paper to improve legibility)

### Multi-Tiered Systems of Support

**Tier 3:** Intensive intervention

#### **Occupational Therapy Role:**

- OT Assessment: recommendation of direct services and/or consultative services and accommodations based on student's areas of need
  - Direct Services: pull-out or push-in services provided by OT
  - Consultative Services: collaboration with special education and general education staff to support students

### **Assessment Tools:**

- Standardized assessments
- Non-standardized assessments
- Rating scales
- Teacher/parent reports
- Observations
- Work samples



### Areas of Need/Present Levels

#### Occupational therapy typically assesses the following areas:

- Fine Motor Skills: use of smaller movements in the hand and wrists needed for school-related tasks
- **Visual Motor Skills/Handwriting:** student's ability to coordinate their eyes and hands for school-related tasks
- Sensory Processing: student's ability to maintain an appropriate level of attention and regulation across school environments
- Self-Help Skills: educationally-related activities of daily living and functional/vocational skills

### **Common Goal Areas**

- Pre-Handwriting/Handwriting
- Scissors Skills
- Keyboarding/Typing
- Multi-Step Task
- Organization
- Coping/Self-Regulation



### Fine Motor Skills

#### **Commonly Recommended Accommodations**

- Access to adaptive tools to support grasping
  - Pencil grips
  - Golf pencils
  - Weighted pencils
  - Erasable pens
  - Twist-n-Write Pencils
- Adaptive scissors
  - Spring-loaded
  - Loop scissors
- Slant boards





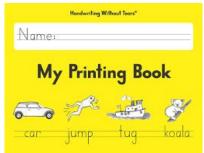
### Visual Motor Skills / Handwriting

#### **Commonly Recommended Accommodations**

- Handwriting Supports
  - Adaptive paper
  - Handwriting curriculum
  - Access to a visual model
- Access to technology
  - Keyboard
  - Speech-to-Text







### **Sensory Processing**

#### **Commonly Recommended Accommodations**

- Alternative Seating
  - Wobble chair/cushions
  - Chair bands
- Sensory Breaks
  - Additional movement breaks
  - Heavy work built into the student's day
- Sensory Tools
  - Tactile fidgets
  - Headphones
  - Weighted items
  - Visual Timer







### Self-Help Skills

#### **Commonly Recommended Accommodations**

- Use of Visuals
  - For sequence of hand washing, clothing management or opening containers
- Adaptive tools
  - Zipper pulls to zip clothing, backpacks, or lunch boxes

#### **Washing Hands**



Thoragu/Porgureor



**Area of Focus: Fine Motor Skills** 

#### Preschool:

- Provide practice with hand strengthening and dexterity activities
  - Digging for items in putty or Play-doh, using squirt bottles in play, sidewalk chalk beading on a pipe cleaner, building with blocks, lacing cards, coloring with broken crayons

#### **Elementary**:

- Select games that incorporate fine motor skills
  - o Battleship, card games, monopoly
  - Sticker activities, color by number, drawing on an easel/vertical surface

- Help support leisure activities with a fine motor challenge
  - Building models, jewelry making

Area of focus: Visual Motor Skills/Handwriting

#### Preschool:

- Build pre-writing skills
  - Draw shapes before introducing letters
  - Use a variety of sensory-rich play to explore letters in a fun, meaningful way and minimize paper/pencil tasks or workbooks

#### **Elementary**:

- Encourage paper/pencil games
  - Step-by-step drawing tutorial, dot to dots, mazes, word searches, find-the-difference, search and finds
- Encourage digital activities
  - Typing.com (free to all DJUSD students), online mazes, drag and drop games

- Encourage writing for functional tasks
  - Use a diary or journal for daily practice. Writing entries back and forth between parent and child can be a good source of connection

**Area of focus: Sensory Processing** 

#### Preschool:

- Look for patterns and preferences
  - What does my child gravitate toward? What makes them comfortable?
  - Teach and model simple co-regulation strategies
    - Use visuals to support autonomy and choice-making as much as possible

#### **Elementary**:

- Provide ample opportunities for sensory needs
  - Comfortable seating, chewy snacks, a quiet work space, frequent breaks
- Create a sensory rich environment
  - Look for activities with different textures and movement opportunities (salt painting, water play, outdoor playgrounds, sensory scavenger hunt, obstacle course with household items)

- Encourage movement and breaks from screens
  - Every 30 minutes for at least 5 minutes

Area of focus: Self-Help Skills

#### Preschool:

- Encourage opportunities for participation in everyday self-help skills
  - Incorporate practice with containers at mealtime, dressing boards

#### **Elementary**:

- Encourage participation in everyday routines
  - Loading and unloading their own backpack, setting the table, and helping with simple chores

- Involve your child in household tasks
  - Load/unload the dishwasher, complete laundry tasks, simple meal prep

## Supporting Your Child at Home: Connection & Consistency

- 1. Practice and repetition are key
- 2. Embed practice in the family routine
- 3. Add visual support
- 4. Link the new skill to an interest
- 5. Use a multi-sensory approach
- 6. Consider the environment



### Recommended Resources

- Fine Motor:
  - 8 Outdoor Summer Activities to Promote Fine Motor Skills
  - 10 [more] Outdoor Activities to Promote Fine Motor Skills
- Visual Motor Skills/Handwriting & Keyboarding:
  - Learning Without Tears
  - Typing.Com Typing Games for Kids
- Sensory Processing:
  - Huge List of Activities for Outdoor Sensory Fun
- Self Help Skills:
  - <u>Tips on Helping Kids Help Themselves</u>

### Questions?

Please contact the OT at your child's school for more information:

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### References

American Occupational Therapy Association (AOTA). (n.d.) AOTA practice advisory on occupational therapy in response to intervention.

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